

BY AUTHORITY.



Board of Health Notice.

The attention of Keepers of Lodging and Tenement Houses is called to the following law:

Sec. 1. Licenses to keep lodging or tenement houses in the District of Kona, Island of Gahu, may be issued by the Minister of the Interior, to any person applying for the same in writing, and producing a certificate from an Officer, or AGENT OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH that the premises intended to be used under the license are in good sanitary condition.

Sec. 2. The sum of two dollars shall be paid to the Minister of the Interior for such license, which shall be for one year. Shall describe with sufficient accuracy the premises to be used thereunder, and shall be held subject to the following conditions which shall be set out in the license: That the licensee shall not keep a noisy or disorderly house; that no prostitutes shall be suffered to enter therein; that the premises will be kept in good sanitary condition, subject to the approval of the Board of Health and in accordance with all the terms of Chapter III. of the Laws of 1880, entitled "An Act to provide for the sanitary condition of Dwelling Houses" that any Officer of the Police or Board of Health, shall have free access to the same and that upon any breach of the conditions the license shall be revoked.

Sec. 3. Every person who shall keep a lodging or tenement house or shall admit lodgers to his or her dwelling within the said District without first securing from the Minister of the Interior, such a license, shall on conviction pay a fine not exceeding fifty dollars or be imprisoned at hard labor not exceeding thirty days or both.

Sec. 4. This Act shall take effect and become law from and after the date of its approval.

Approved this 1st day of October, A. D. 1890. 699 3t

By virtue of the authority in me vested by the Constitution and the Statutes of this Kingdom and deeming it essential to the promotion of justice, I do hereby order that the Regular Term of the Third Judicial Circuit to be held at Waiohine, Kau, Hawaii, on the first Thursday of September, 1890, and by me postponed until Monday, the 15th September, be and the same is hereby further postponed until MONDAY, the 17th day of November, 1890, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Supreme Court at Honolulu, this 1st day of September, 1890.

A. F. JUDD,
Chief Justice Supreme Court.
Attest:
HENRY SMITH, Clerk.
647 22t

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR,
HONOLULU, Oct. 27, 1890.

SUNDAY, the 16th of November, being the anniversary of the birth of His Majesty the King, Saturday, the 15th, will be observed as a National Holiday, and all Government Offices throughout the Kingdom will be closed on that day.

C. N. SPENCER,
Minister of the Interior.

FRIDAY, November 28, being the anniversary of the recognition of Hawaiian Independence by the Governments of Great Britain and France, will be observed as a National Holiday, and all Government Offices throughout the Kingdom will be closed on that day.

C. N. SPENCER,
Minister of the Interior.
697 4t

Irrigation Notice.

HONOLULU, H. I., Aug. 9, 1890.

Holders of Water Privileges or those paying Water Rates, are hereby notified that the hours for using water for irrigating purposes are from 6 to 8 o'clock A. M., and 4 to 6 o'clock P. M.

CHAR. B. WILSON,
Supt. Hono. Water Works,
Approved:
C. N. SPENCER,
Minister of the Interior,
627 4t.

1890-TAXES!

Tax Payers in this District are hereby notified that the Taxes for the current year will be due and payable at the Office of the Tax Assessor and Collector in the Kapuni Building,

on the 1st day of November, A. D. 1890.

The Office is open from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily (Sundays excepted) and on Saturdays until 12 o'clock noon. All amounts over \$10 must be paid in U. S. Gold Coin or Hawaiian Certificates of Deposit.

Taxes not paid before the 15th day of December next will be liable to suit with 10 per cent. costs added.

T. A. LLOYD,
Deputy Assessor and Collector of Taxes District of Kona, Island of Oahu.

Approved:
GODFREY BROWN,
Minister of Finance.
696 3w

THE

Daily Bulletin

SATURDAY, NOV. 1, 1890.

Coal has been discovered in Mexico of such a good quality that it is said to develop as much heat as the famous Mexican pepper.

Who would have thought it! Our Supreme Court have become proficient in chess. They have lately added a new play to the royal game and established the rule that a move may be made out of check, by taking a "bishop" with a "mandamus." It isn't according to Hoyle, but it is just as effective as a checkmate. The new piece is a goose-quill couchant upon a paper weight, which is placed in the middle of the chess board between the contending forces. Even a King cannot remove the new piece, although its capturing power stops as well as the King or Queen. With this exception it can grab anything else coming within reach, from a castle to a pawn.

The Labor question will probably come up for consideration in the House by next Tuesday or Wednesday, or as soon as the Election Bill is disposed of; the former being, if possible, of more national importance than the latter. The Labor question is of such keen and immediate interest to the toiling public that it will be likely to attract a large amount of interest and a greater or less number of spectators during discussion in the House. For this reason, if no other, we hope this important question will be calmly and thoroughly discussed in the Legislature for the best interests of the Kingdom at large, but without party feeling or personal bickering.

The discussion of the Election Bill will be resumed next Monday. It is to be hoped that the present Legislature will give the country a secret ballot, so greatly needed here under our peculiar social and political conditions. It will be remembered by many that the "secret ballot" clause of the original bill was defeated in caucus the night before the bill came up for third reading in the Legislature of 1888. The reason for defeating the "secret ballot" provision at that time was to fulfill a political necessity, which practically demanded the control of labor votes in certain quarters where financial and other interests proved more potent than the alleged principles of the Reform party.

WHERE IS THE BENEFIT?

EDITOR BULLETIN:—

The cool presumption of the Advertiser with regard to the labor question is to say the least extremely irritating to those who elected the majority of the present Legislature, which was put there by an enormous majority of the voters.

The Advertiser cannot deny that this anti-Asiatic question was the beam which upheld the platforms of both parties, that of the Reform as well as of the National Reform Party. It was used by both parties to bait voters and anyone who read the campaign issues of their leading papers must confess that they made out of this question what they could. And now? Bah! the fish is cooked, no need for the bait, throw it away!

The Advertiser's leader of the 28th suggests it to be high time that this whole community should arouse itself and look the question in the face. I venture to propose to you, Mr. Editor of the P. C. A., that this appeal is unnecessary; aroused we, the majority, are, in fact, we are not even drowsy; we are merely waiting to see how far the attempt to deceive us will be carried.

The fact you wish to ignore is that we, the majority of voters—and therefore the country, the majority you yourself pretend must rule—demand, as the platform expressed it, "Immediate and stringent measures against Asiatic labor," which now threaten the country, driving foreign workmen out and which supplant and starve the native.

This is the essence of that platform which was endorsed by the people, and for this and this only the people went to the polls and defeated there by personal work all the wealth and machinery the planters could bring out to gain the victory.

But now that we have the victory, can we hold it? We intend to hold it if we can.

We demand "Constitutional" guarantees that the Chinamen can be controlled while here and can be deported when their labor contracts are ended. Further we demand good guarantee that no Chinaman can enter into competition with skilled and other labor hereafter, and can be compelled to confine himself to agricultural pursuits only. If this cannot be done we say—No Chinese!

A few rich men cannot make a Chinese colony out of the Paradise of the Pacific. You few wealthy men claim to be the country. You pretend that your sugar industry, which tends to make each island one large estate, is the life and benefit of this kingdom, when at another minute you protest that this very same industry cannot exist without the bonus of millions of dollars that Uncle Sam "generously gave you every year."

For goodness sake, if the industry has to go begging abroad for support and cannot exist here without human misery and degradation, then for the sake of common sense and Christian humanity give it up. Sell the land, parcel it out as homesteads and make the five million or more people whom it could support happy. What benefit is an industry to any country which has to be supported by slavery and cannot live without the support and alms of a foreign nation?

I deny the assertion of the Advertiser's leader that the extension of plantations (the wharves and the deepening of the harbor has nothing to do with cheap labor) has created work for skilled labor. The planters have trained Asiatics for all work in which they had to employ formerly white men (with few exceptions where they found it impossible), as with sugar-boilers, lunas, carpenters, brick-layers, engineers, wheelwrights, teamsters, blacksmiths, watchmen, etc. Even physicians in a few instances are Asiatics. Consequently salaries and wages for all kinds of work went down, from the salary of the book-keeper and luna to the pay of the stableman, and thus during the time when the planters grew enormously rich. Is all this for the benefit of the country, gentlemen? Yes, if it is conceded that a few rich planters are the country I must agree as the profits go to them only. But then how about Art. 7 of the platform of the National Reform Party which declares that the wealth of a nation is built on the partition "of the soil into numerous small farms rather than large estates?"

These gentlemen of wealth assert that the consumption the trade created by these large enterprises is the benefit. Perhaps so if it were not that the greed of most planters does object to even that the grub should fall to anyone. There was on a certain plantation an independent blacksmith shop. This man had a family, but as he could not compete with the plantation shop, he had to go away (all hands had to go to the plantation shop, or—!) The man is in California now, and does well. There are small more who try to make a decent living for themselves and their folks. But how difficult is it now? As most planters not satisfied with their enormous hundred-thousand-dollar dividends begrudge them their few dollars, difficulty earned, and run plantation stores in competition. Suppose the store-keeper still keeps open? In one or two instances the plantation bought the land under the man's house and made him move away from his trade, but in most cases the laborers are "forced" to buy at the plantation store and at plantation store prices or—! or what? There are a thousand ways to kill a dog and to force a serf. Are these not facts? If they are, where is the "benefit of the country?"

Is it a benefit to any country to have it divided up into estates ten miles square devoted to an industry that sucks it out like a leech and has to be fed into the bargain by a foreign power? On this estate there are perhaps fourteen civilized white people and fifteen hundred slaves, who are changed every three or five years and let loose into the towns with the result which we know and against which we protest to the great astonishment of these gentlemen who kindlyheartedly want to give us more of it although they know that the importation of more serfs would be detrimental to their Christian white brethren whom they are supposed to love.

Now as to the last point. We export about fifteen millions; we import only about seven millions. Where goes the difference of eight millions? Some of it doubtless goes for freight and insurance (the latter is mostly paid here), but not eight millions. Where does it go? These gentlemen invest it abroad (for the "benefit of the country," I presume) just imagine the amount of wealth that has left the country during the last sixteen years, and in the face of all this these few grasping men dare to oppose the desire of the people and claim that their own policy and action is alone for the

benefit of the country.

Auction Sales by James F. Morgan.

AUCTION SALE OF Household Furniture

On WEDNESDAY, Nov. 5, AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

At the residence of Mrs. DUDOFF, Nuuanu Avenue, I will sell at Public Auction,

The Entire Household Furniture, —Comprising—

1 Westermeyer Upright Piano,

A fine instrument; Center & Sofa Rugs, Chandeliers, Hanging Lamps, B. W. Marbletop Center Tables,

Vienna Chairs, Easy Chairs, Large Dressing Mirror & Mantel, Wardrobes, Upholstered Lounges,

Ash Marbletop Bedroom Set,

Mattresses, Mosquito Nets, Table & Bed Linen,

B. W. Dining-room Chairs,

B. W. Extension Dining Table,

Crockery & Glassware, Silver Platedware, Cutlery, 1 Remington Sewing Machine,

Improved Uncle Sam Range & Utensils,

Refrigerator, Meat Safe, Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

JAS. F. MORGAN, Auctioneer.

698 4t

AUCTION SALE OF Property at Pearl City

By order of the OAHU RAILWAY & LAND CO. I will sell at Public Auction at Pearl City,

On SATURDAY, November 29th,

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.

A limited number of those desirable Building Lots at Pearl City

The Company have expended \$20,000 to procure an ample supply of pure mountain water, resulting in the completion of two large Reservoirs with storage of nearly 2,000,000 gallons.

From a distributing Reservoir with a capacity of 700,000 gallons, at an elevation of 100 feet above sea level, water has been laid along Lehua Avenue to the Pearl City Depot in a 6-inch Cast Iron Pipe, from which water will be supplied by the Company at Government rates.

The Company will bind itself in the deeds to carry purchasers and their families and servants by rail between

Honolulu & Pearl City

At 1 Cent Per Mile, 2d Class

—AND—

1-2 Cents Per Mile, 1st Class.

During a term of 9 years from the date of purchase.

These special Rates of Fare will be transferable with the property during the term named in the Original Deed. Trains will always be run for reasonable accommodation of residents at Pearl City. Trains will reach Honolulu at 6:45 and 8:45 and 11:50 a. m. leave Honolulu for Pearl City and way Stations at 8:15 a. m. and 1:45 and 4:45 and 5:15 to 5:30 p. m. subject however to such changes as may be from time to time found necessary for the convenience of the public or business interests of the company. Evening Trains will also be run whenever there is a reasonable demand.

BEAUTIFUL VIEW!

Those desiring lots where the most charming view can be had from the veranda of cottage or mansion, can obtain lots fronting on Lehua, Maile or Woodlawn Avenues; this is a most charming location for residences, as all agree who have taken the trouble to walk up Lehua Avenue above the Ewa Court House. As a health resort, a better situation cannot be found. To assist settlers, the following easy terms are offered:

One-Third in Cash,

One-Third in 3 years,

One-Third in 5 years,

With Interest at 7 Per Cent.

Thus making it possible for the most limited means, to procure a fine healthy residence. Distance is annihilated by railway communication, so that people living at Pearl City will reach Honolulu in less time than it takes to come to the beach by the ordinary means of travel, while the expense for a person will not be more than five cents per day greater than the present cost of travel to Waikiki by Tramway.

Now is your time to procure

Homestead & Business Lots at

PEARL CITY

At Prices lower than they can ever be bought in the future.

Don't Let Your Opportunity Slip

If you do you will live to quote the "blind sight" sayings we so often hear from people who had a chance to buy the whole of Kuiaokulua Plains for a song, but they didn't! A word to the wise is sufficient.

Maps of the Lots can be seen at the offices of the Pacific Hardware Co., Hawaiian News Co., and T. G. Thurman, and at my Salesroom, Honolulu, where all further information can be obtained.

JAS. F. MORGAN, Auctioneer.

698 39t

Honolulu Athletic Association.

In conformity with Art. 6 of the Constitution, a meeting of the annual Association will be held at the armory of the Honolulu Rifles on THURSDAY EVENING, November 5th.

C. J. McARTHUR, Secretary.

Guaranteed Bonds

ISSUED BY THE

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK

SECURITY:

Cash Assets, : : : : Over \$136,000,000

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

For full particulars apply to

Dec-24-89

S. B. ROSE,

General Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., GENERAL IMPORTERS.

LINOLEUM, CARPET & RUGS, IRON BEDSTEADS, TRUNKS & VALISES, TAILOR GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, HOSIERY,

STOCKHOLM & COAL TARS, PAINTS & OIL, CYLINDER OIL, ROPES, ANCHORS & CHAINS, SHEET LEAD, CHARCOAL, TIN PLATES,

Kerosene Oil—"ALOHA."

ENGLISH, SCOTCH,

DRY GOODS!

AMERICAN FRENCH,

Groceries, Feed Stuffs, Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery & Glassware, JAPANESE GOODS.

FERTILIZERS:—Ohlenhoff's Dissolved Peruvian Guano, Ohlenhoff's Special Cane Manure.

LONDON PURPLE:—Effectual destroyer of Potato, Cotton & Canker Worms, Etc.

SCRUB EXTERMINATOR:—Destroys all Noxious Weeds & Scrubs.

BAGS:—Sugar, Rice, Paddy, Coal. TWINE, HEMP CANVAS, NAVY OAKUM.

FILTER PRESS CLOTHS & BAGS:—Embracing the latest improvements in material and texture.

Galvanized Water Pipe, Corrugated Iron, Fence Wire, Pipe Fittings, Etc., Etc.

Shortly expected a fine line of

INDIAN GOODS

Entirely new to this trade.

Sept 17-90

Telephones, No. 119, P. O. Box 372.

HUSTACE, Robertson & Hitchcock,



DRAYMEN.

All orders for cartage promptly attended to. Particular attention paid to the

Storing & Shipping

Of good in transit to the other Islands.

Also Black & White Sand

In quantities to suit at lowest prices.

OFFICE: Next door to Jas. F. Morgan's auction room.

Mutual 19 TELEPHONES Bell 414 Oct 6-1890-1y

The Thoroughbred Percheron STALLION.



"WHITE CLOUD,"

Imported by Hon. S. Parker, will stand for a short time at

T. Lishman's Stable, MAUI.

TERMS \$30. 689 4t

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET,



Nuuanu Street,

In the new building, adjoining Love's Bakery, where you can procure the choicest

Beef, Mutton, Veal, Pork,

Poultry, Etc.

SAUSAGE A SPECIALTY.

No. 1 Pork Sausage, Smoked Tongues,

Beef Sausage, Smoked Mutton Hams,

Bologna Sausage, Spiced Beef,

German Sausage, Corned Pork & Beef.

Your patronage is respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed in every particular.

WESTBROOK & TAYLOR, BUTCHERS.

Bell Tele. 369 Mutual Tele. 362 682 1m

THE ARLINGTON, Hotel St., Honolulu.

J. H. FISHER, Prop.

TERMS: Board and Lodging, per week, (according to location of rooms,

..... \$10.00 to \$12.00

Transient, per day, 2.00

Table Board, per week, 7.00

Single Meals, 50

Visitors will find this one of the most comfortable and convenient houses in the city, the rooms being large, light and airy. Hot and cold water baths, 683 4t

Horse-Clipping!

The undersigned is prepared to do horse-clipping at reasonable rates. Orders left at the Pantheon Saloon will receive prompt attention.

H. BROHMANN.

Chas. Hustace, King Street.

REMOVAL!

Having leased the stores in the brick building known as the "Lincoln Block," nearly opposite the old stand, and having disposed of that portion of my stock damaged by the late fire, and being in receipt of New Goods per last steamer, and more on the way, I am prepared to fill all orders as before. Thanking the public for the liberal patronage bestowed on me for the past seven years, I hope by prompt attention to all orders to merit a continuance of the same. At the new stand shall be pleased to see all my old customers, and as many new ones as may find it to their advantage to call. Island orders solicited and faithfully executed.

CHAS. HUSTACE.

You can find the Latest Styles of

Ladies', Misses' & Children's Hats.

AT THE

Leading: Millinery: House

Chas. J. Fishel, Cor. Fort & Hotel Sts.

"CLIMAX" BAKING POWDER

Without a Rival in Price & Quality!

One-third the Price of the Royal!

Every Housekeeper Should Use It!

A Saving of 33 Per Cent in Cost and Quality the Very Best.

SPECIAL RATES TO JOBBERS.

HENRY DAVIS & CO.,

Exclusive Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

REMOVAL!

Having removed our SODA WORKS to more commodious quarters at

No. 29 FORT STREET,

(Near the Custom House)

We are now prepared to furnish at short notice, and of prime quality, any of the following High Class Aerated Beverages:

GINGER ALE,

Plain, Sweet, Lemon, Strawberry or Cream Soda,

Sarsaparilla, Sarsaparilla & Iron Water, and Crab

Apple Cider.

Using exclusively the HYATT PURE WATER SYSTEM.

71 BOTH TELEPHONES 71

HOLLISTER & CO.,

FORT STREET. : : : : HONOLULU.

NOTICE.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

THE Kapiolani Maternity Home has two rooms to accommodate paying patients. Ladies of moderate means who wish to secure a home on reasonable terms, before and during the time of their confinement, where the best of food attendance, nursing and medical skill will be provided, will please apply at the Home to Mrs. Miller, the matron, who will attend to admission, give terms or other information required.

Honolulu, Oct. 4, 1890. 679 3m

J. RODRIGUES of Kuan, Maui, having made an assignment of his property to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors, notice is hereby given that all claims against him must be presented to the undersigned within three months from date, and all persons indebted to said J. Rodrigues are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned at his office in Honolulu.

A. A. GOSNALLY, Assignee.

Honolulu, Sept. 24, 1890. 567 18